



EASF OPEN DAY

21ST SEPTEMBER 2015

Presented by EASF Head of Political Affairs:
Benediste Hoareau



AIM

To give an overview on the Eastern Africa Standby Force (EASF)

SCOPE

- What is EASF
- Its creation
- Readiness
- Operation



“Do not wait until the conditions are perfect to begin. Beginning makes the conditions perfect”

Alen Cohen



WHAT IS EASF

EASF Member States



Burundi



Comoros



Djibouti



Ethiopia



Kenya



Rwanda



Seychelles



Somalia



Sudan



Uganda

Political Structure of EASF



Assembly of Heads of States and Government

Council of Ministers of Defence and Security

Committee of East Africa Chief of Defence

Secretariat

Legal Advisor
Military Assistant
Liaison Officer to AU
Internal Auditor

Peace Operations Department

Finance and Administration

Political Section

Information and Liaison
Section

Human Resources and
Administration Section

Finance Section

Mission Planning and
Management Section

Force Headquarters

Planning Element

Logistic Base



EASF EVOLUTION

2014

EASF declares Full Operational in December 2014 with an equipped multidimensional Force of 5200 personnel

An MoU on Forces Pledging was signed in **Aug 2014**

Another revised Policy Framework and MoU to an **Agreement** signed in **June 2014**.

Council Decisions of Feb 2014 decided to have the EASF force ready by **Dec 2014**.

A revised MoU and Policy Framework was signed in **January 2011**.

In **2008**, EASF signed the MoU AU with the AU.

Approved as EASBRICOM by 1st EOM of the Heads of State & Government in Addis Ababa, on **28 Jan 07**, followed by the change of names from **Brigade** to a **Force** on **30th March 2007** and further established a Coordination Mechanism.

AU Summit Decision of the **6 – 8 July, 2004**, in Addis Ababa, Ethiopia, obligating the establishment of the (EASBRIG) and An MoU was signed on **11th April 2005**.

Policy Framework establishing EASBRIG of three Structures was established on **10th September 2004**

2004

Evolution of EASF



Vision

To contribute to regional and continental peace through a regional peace, security stability and enhance regional integration

Mission

To maintain and sustain a fully operational and multidimensional integrated standby force ready to respond to emerging crisis



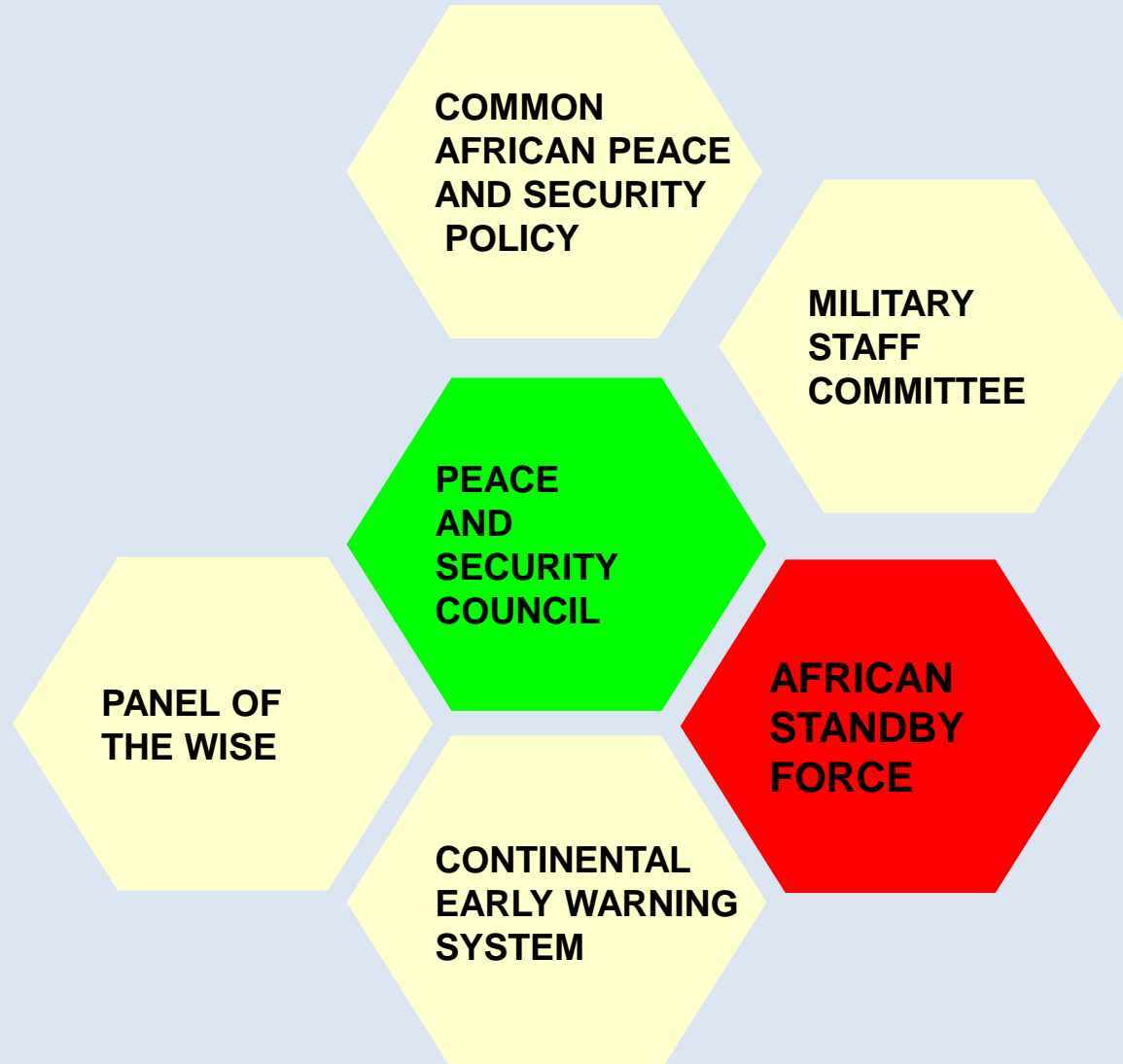
HOW WAS IT CREATED



LEGAL FRAMEWORKS

- UN Charter
- African Union Constitutive Act
- PSC Protocol
- MOU on Cooperation in the Area of Peace and Security between the AU, the RECs and RMs
- The Agreement on the Establishment of the EASF
- MoU on Pledge Forces

The African Peace and Security Architecture



ASF REGIONS

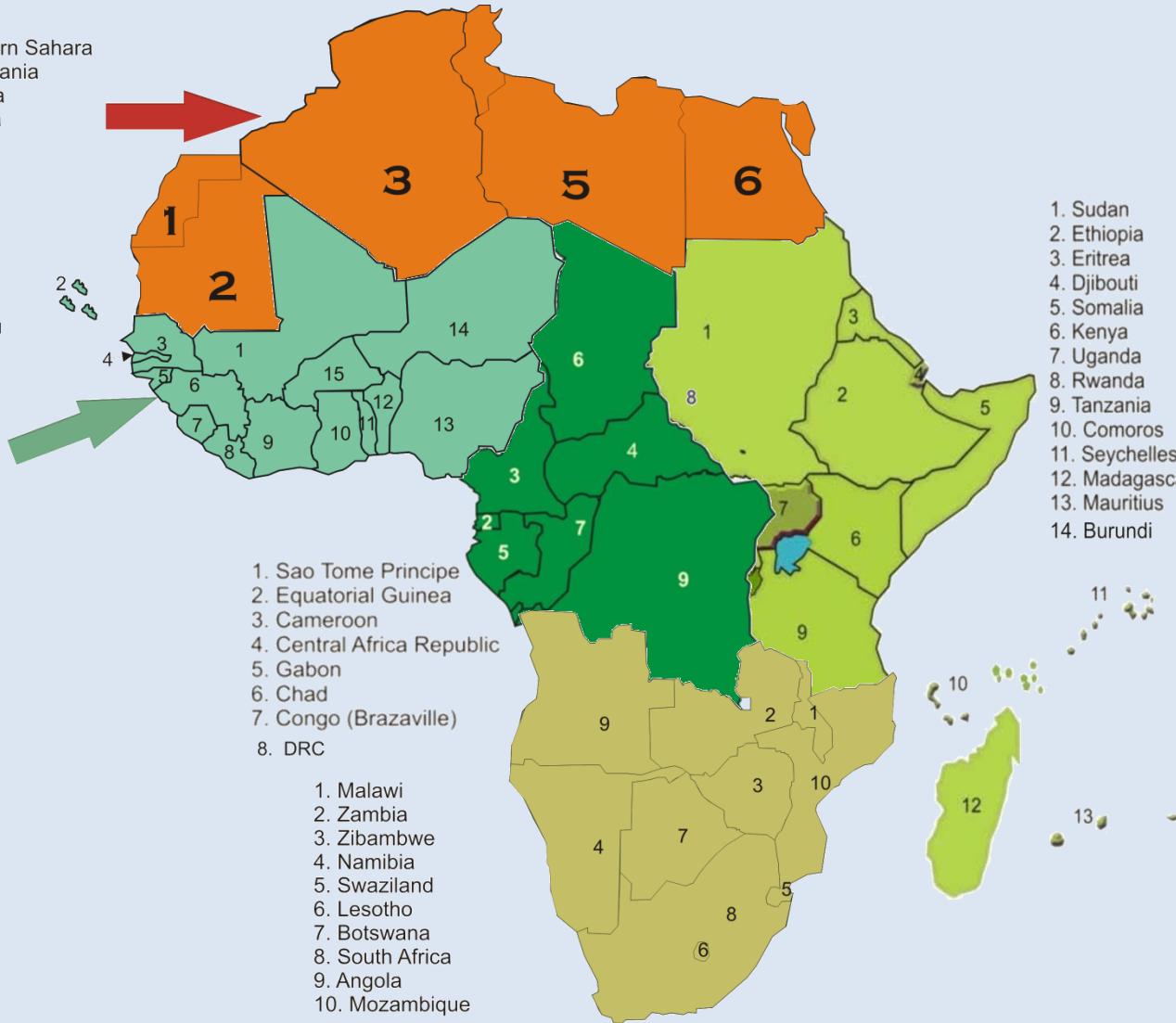
1. Western Sahara
2. Mauritania
3. Algeria
4. Tunisia
5. Libya
6. Egypt

1. Mali
2. Cape Verde
3. Senegal
4. Gambia
5. Guinea Bissau
6. Guinea
7. Sierra Leone
8. Liberia
9. Côte d'Ivoire
10. Ghana
11. Togo
12. Benin
13. Nigeria
14. Niger
15. Burkina faso

1. Sao Tome Principe
2. Equatorial Guinea
3. Cameroon
4. Central Africa Republic
5. Gabon
6. Chad
7. Congo (Brazaville)
8. DRC

1. Malawi
2. Zambia
3. Zibambwe
4. Namibia
5. Swaziland
6. Lesotho
7. Botswana
8. South Africa
9. Angola
10. Mozambique

1. Sudan
2. Ethiopia
3. Eritrea
4. Djibouti
5. Somalia
6. Kenya
7. Uganda
8. Rwanda
9. Tanzania
10. Comoros
11. Seychelles
12. Madagascar
13. Mauritius
14. Burundi



DEVELOPMENT



2014

Roadmap III: December 2010 to December 2015. To address specific Areas: Advocacy and Outreach; Structure and Management Capabilities; Political Decisions Making and Mission Planning process, Operational Concepts, Logistics, Legal and Finance Frameworks and Amani Africa Cycle

Roadmap II: April 2008 to December 2010 Identifying measures to resolve outstanding issues of Roadmap I and consolidate on the progress made
African Amani

Roadmap I: June 2006 to March 2008 preparation of Core documents of the ASF; Doctrines, SOP's, Training and Evaluation, Command and Control, C3IS, Establishment of the PLANING ELEMENT



2004



EASF READINESS

EASF GENERATED FORCE



The Formal EASF Pledges as approved and generated:

- FHQ: 1 coy
- CIS: 2Tp and 1 Sqn
- 1 Mechanized Battalion; 1 Tank Squadron; 1 Artillery Troops
- 3 motorized battalions
- 1 light Infantry Battalion
- 2 Coys Combat Engineer
- 1 Sqn of Special Forces
- 1 platoon Military Police
- Level II medical Hospital (1 unit)
- 4 FPU's
- 440 IPO's
- MILOBS
- A number of Civilians

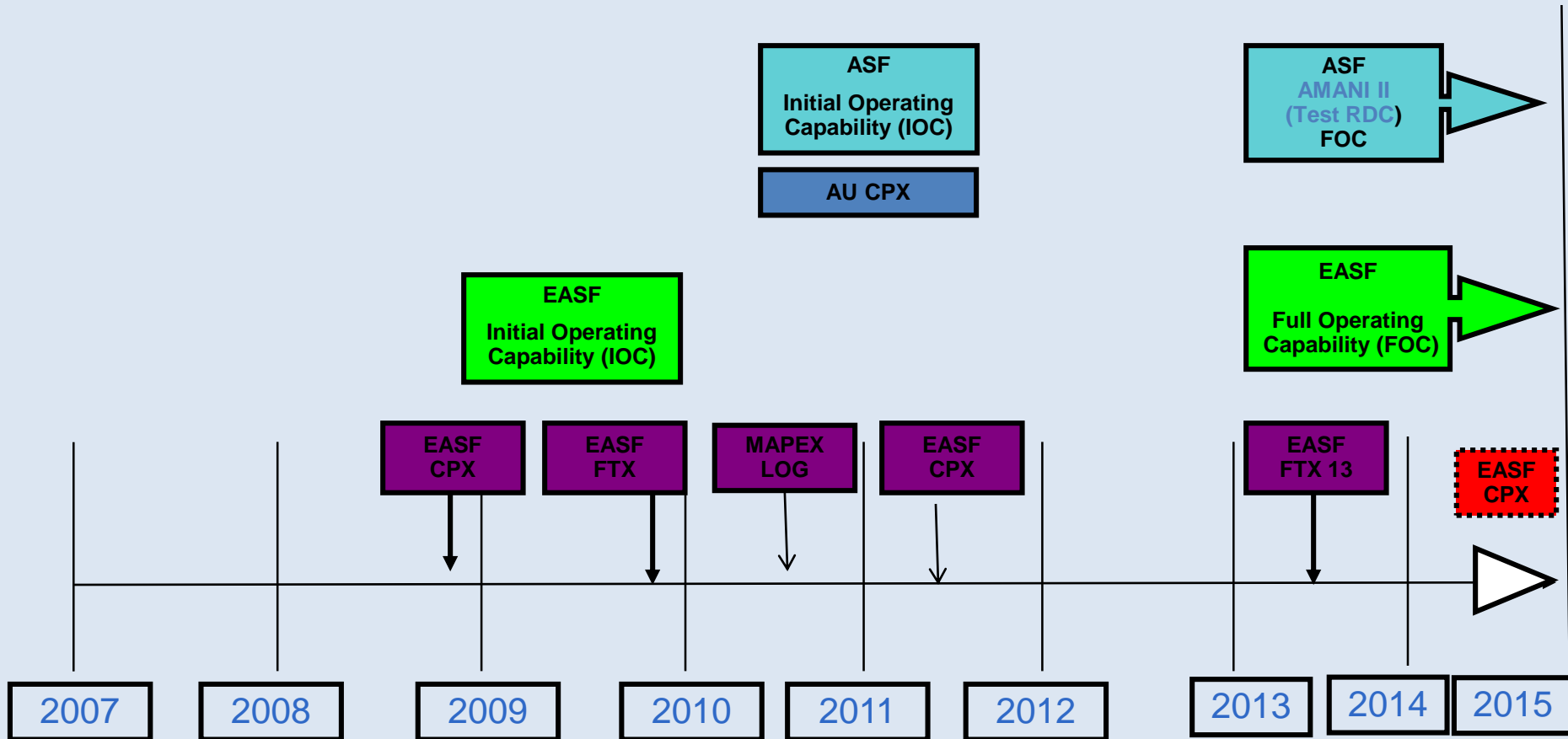


EASF GENERATED FORCE



Friday, September 18, 2015

ACHIEVEMENTS ASF/EASF



EASF Full Operational Capability



Political Will & Commitment

African Union Recognition

Experience Leadership

Well trained and motivated troops

Necessary Structures

Reinforcing cooperation and partnership



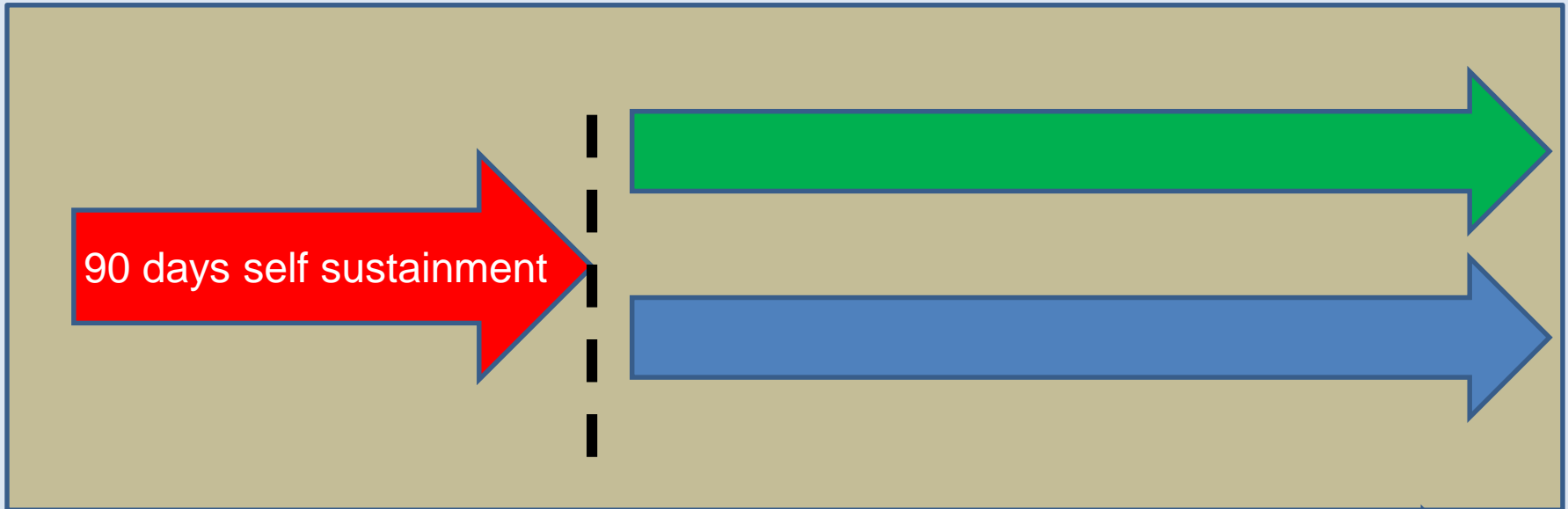
HOW IT OPERATES

SCENARIOS AND TIMELINES FOR DEPLOYMENT



Scenario	Description	Deployment Requirement (From mandate resolution)
1	AU/Regional military advice to a political mission	30 Days
2	AU/Regional observer mission co-deployed with UN Mission	30 Days
3	Stand-alone AU/Regional observer mission.	30 Days
4	AU Peacekeeping force for Chapter V1 and Preventive Deployment Missions (and Peace Building)	30 Days
5	AU Peacekeeping Force for complex multidimensional Peace Keeping Missions including those involving low level Spoilers	90 days with the military component being able to deploy in 30 days
6	AU intervention, e.g. in genocide situations where the international community does not act promptly.	14 days with robust military force

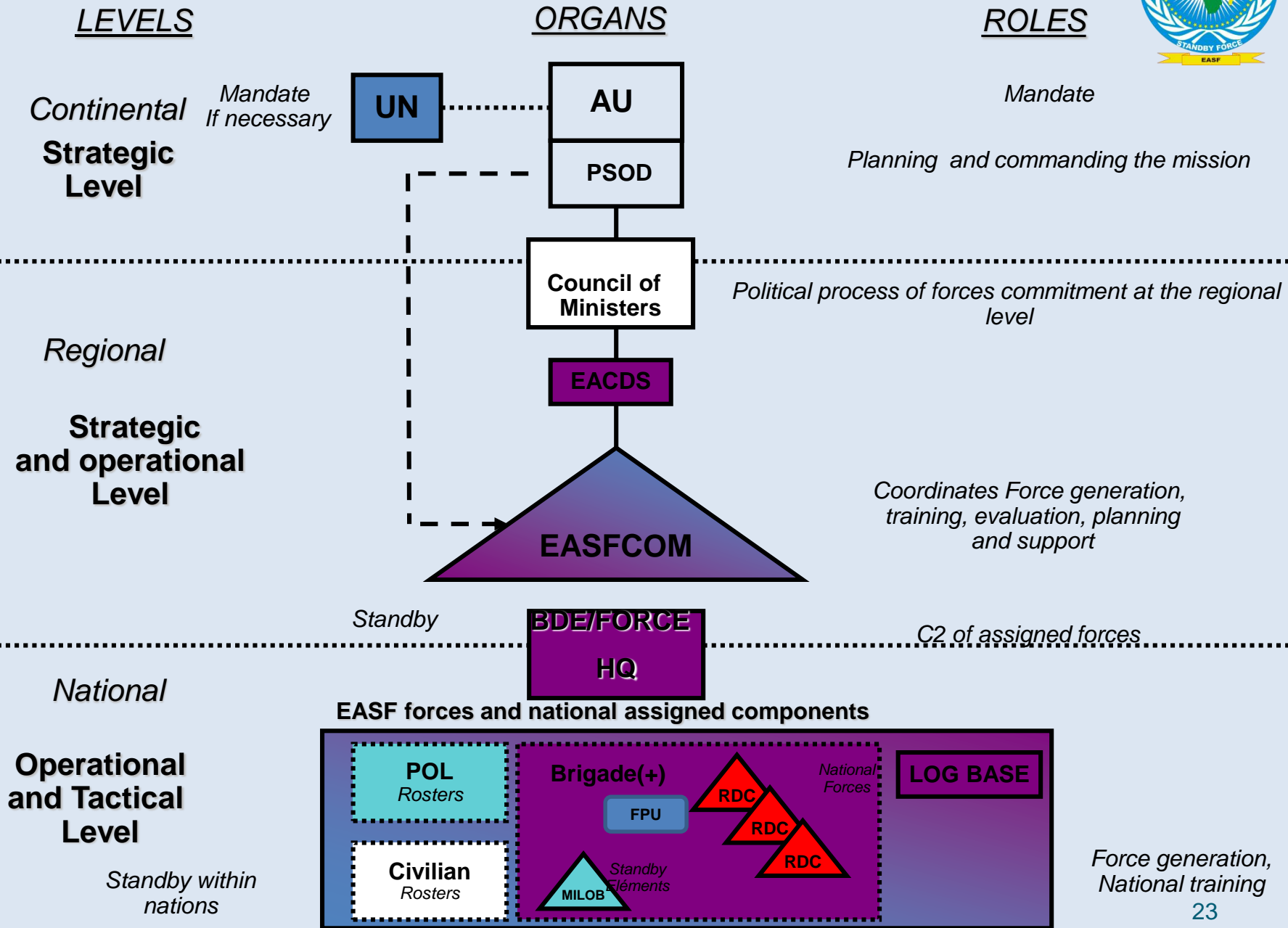
Modalities for Deployment.



AFRINCAN UNION DEPLOYMENT

UNITED NATIONS DEPLOYMENT

OPERATIONAL PROCESS



RELATIONSHIPS



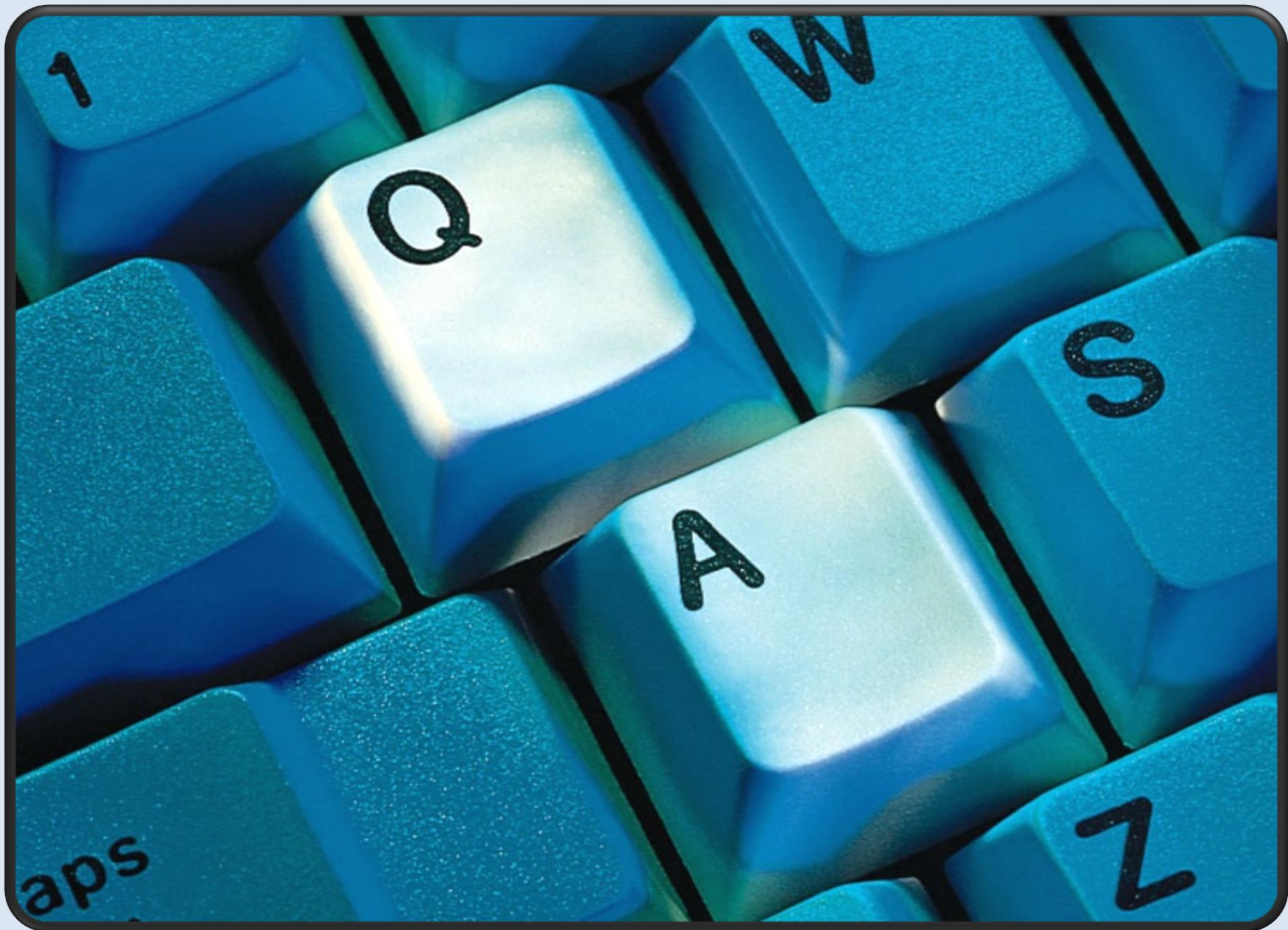
NARC



MEMBER STATES



“The Eastern Africa Standby Force (EASF) has attained Full Operation Capability (FOC) and is only awaiting an African Union mandate to deploy its troops in conflict areas, the Chief of Defence Staff, Gen Patrick Nyamvumba”





THANK YOU